WICKERSLEY PARTNERSHIP TRUST



Primary Curriculum Subject Folder

ART Subject Folder



POLICY

INTENT

At Wickersley Partnership Trust (primary) we aim to ensure our Art and design curriculum is designed so that progressive knowledge and skills are taught throughout EYFS up to Year 6. We want all children to see themselves as artists and designers and we aim to equip them with the skills and knowledge in order for them to feel this. We believe that Art and design stimulates creativity and imagination. This policy has been established to address the National Curriculum for Art and Design KS1, KS2 and the Early Years Framework documents. . 'Art' should be interpreted as 'art, craft and design' and artists should be interpreted as artists, crafts people and designers throughout all documentation. The Art and Design policy follows whole school guidance on the curriculum and how it is managed, organized, delivered, assessed and evaluated. It also reflects agreed approaches to the whole school issues, i.e. teaching and learning strategies, differentiation, behaviour and discipline, special educational needs, inclusion and equal opportunities.

We believe that Art and design within the trust schools provides a visual, tactile and sensory experience and a special way of understanding and responding to the world and involving our local community. It enables children to communicate what they see, feel and think through immersion, by creatively looking into colour, texture, form, pattern and space. It gives children the opportunity to explore materials and artistic processes, providing a sense of calm, of achievement and success at all levels.

Throughout the Trust, we aim for the children to become involved in shaping their own immersive learning environments through producing refined finished pieces to display in classrooms and corridors. Children learn to make informed judgements with aesthetic and practical decisions. They explore ideas and meanings through the work of artists and designers. Through learning about the basic skills, roles and functions of art, they can explore the impact it has had on contemporary life and that of modern, historic times and cultures. The children within the settings learn to appreciate and gain enjoyment of the visual arts and the impact that art has to enrich our lives. It is vital that curriculum knowledge and skills are not learnt in isolation. We teach Art and design through the progression of skills and knowledge, both of which are planned in a sequential document. This document includes key lines of inquiry to develop links across the curriculum, as well as to the bigger concepts that drive our curriculum intent.

VISION STATEMENT

A successful Artist at Wickersley Partnership Trust is:

• Enthusiastic about Art

- Enjoys the creativity that Art allows
- Is able to appreciate the work of other artists
- Is able to evaluate their own work and suggest ways to improve
- Is keen to develop and refine their skills
- Is able to demonstrate a range of skills, handle tools and media, with confidence
- Is able to apply their knowledge and understanding of Art to their own work.

HOW WE INTEND TO REMOVE BARRIERS

In Art and Design we remove barriers to learning and support students' ability to access the curriculum through the development of literacy, numeracy, oracy skills and vocabulary acquisition. Misconceptions do not go unchallenged and the supportive environment within each and every lesson ensures that students develop their own artistic literacy and vocabulary. A progressive vocabulary list forms part of the long term planning document. Key artistic vocabulary is displayed in all settings.

AIMS

- To follow a skills-based curriculum that installs confidence, enthusiasm and creativity and boosts the imagination
- To develop and refine their skills in handling tools and media, with confidence. To record from first-hand experience and from imagination, and to select their own ideas to use
- in their work
- To develop and master increasing confidence in the use of visual and tactile elements and ٠ materials
- To improve abilities to control materials, tools and techniques To increase their critical awareness and be able to evaluate their own work and make suggestions of ways to improve it
- To appreciate the work of many different artists within the different roles and purposes of art and design from modern and historical times and cultures
- To foster an enjoyment and appreciation of the visual arts throughout the years and gain a knowledge of artists of new and old including craftspeople and designers.

TO PROVIDE ALL CHILDREN WITH A BROAD AND BALANCED EDUCATION:

- Encourage the use of ICT and multimedia to communicate and explore ideas
- Ensuring that every child should experience at least one visit to an art gallery during their time • at Wickersley Partnership trust.
- Learn about art and the appreciation of the work of other artists and crafts people from different times and cultures.
- Develop children's ability to observe, investigate, respond to and record the world around them ٠ through a variety of forms and media.
- Make increasingly informed and creative choices of media, tools and techniques for a given purpose for example, painting, collage, print making, digital media, textiles, sculpture.
- Develop their visual language and the ability to express their ideas and feelings in order to evaluate their own work and that of others such as sculptors, photographers, architects, textile designers, computer animators, typographers.
- Deliver an ambitious, creative curriculum alongside the National Curriculum where children experience a broad range of creative experiences to enhance their enjoyment and engagement.
- Train children in the safe and appropriate use and maintenance of tools and techniques in accordance with health and safety requirements.

LITERACY

Art contributes to the teaching of English in our school by encouraging children to ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work. They have the opportunity to compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own work and that of other children, and to say what they think

and feel about them.

NUMERACY

Art contributes to the teaching of mathematics in our settings by giving opportunities to develop the children's understanding of shape and space through work in two and three dimensions.

ORACY

In order to develop their oracy within a subject specific context pupils are given opportunities to talk about their learning. Staff challenge the use of skills and artist related language and will direct pupils towards the correct terminology when appropriate.

VOCABULARY

Students are introduced to key subject specific vocabulary and have regular opportunities to reinforce their understanding. Key Art and design vocabulary is highlighted to the pupils and pupils are guided to use this in their work. Key Art vocabulary is displayed in all classrooms.

PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND HEALTH EDUCATION (PSHE) AND CITIZENSHIP

Art feeds into the teaching of some elements of personal, social and health education and citizenship. The children discuss how they feel about their own work and the methods and approaches used by others.

SPIRITUAL, MORAL, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

The teaching of art offers opportunities to support the social development of our children through the way we expect them to work with each other in lessons. Groupings allow children to work together and give them the chance to discuss their ideas and feelings about their own work and the work of others. Their work in general helps them to develop a respect for the abilities of other children and encourages them to collaborate and co-operate across a range of activities and experiences. The children learn to respect and work with each other and with adults, thus developing a better understanding of themselves. They also develop an understanding of different times and cultures through their work on famous artists, designers and craftspeople. How we develop skills for learning

NATIONAL CURRICULUM CONTENT

FOUNDATION STAGE

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is organised across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. The children's learning experiences includes art, music, dance, role-play and imaginative play. The range of experience encourages children to make connections between one area of learning and another and so extends their understanding.

Expressive art and design. Exploring and Using Media and Materials. EYFS children should be taught:

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

Creating with Materials ELG

Children at the expected level of development will: - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form, and function; - Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; - Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative and Expressive ELG

Children at the expected level of development will: - Invent, adapt and recount narratives and

stories with peers and their teacher; Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; -Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and - when appropriate try to move in time with music.

KEY STAGE 1

Pupils should be taught:

- To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.
- To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.
- To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.
- About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

KEY STAGE 2

Pupils should be taught

- To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.
- To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.
- To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- About great artists, architects and designers in history.

HOW WE FOSTER PERSONAL ATTRIBUTES

In Art and Design our curriculum intent embodies that of the school. We are committed to ensuring students are exposed to the wider world context in order to develop them as well rounded individuals. Our curriculum demands independence, resilience and responsibility in line with the SCHOOL Way. The Trust schools use a variety of teaching and learning styles in art and design lessons. Our main aim is to develop the children's knowledge of basic skills needed to develop in art and design.

With this, the trust aims for our schools to ensure that we encourage the fluidity of a full curriculum approach to art and design by exploring and developing ideas, critiquing and evaluating, to develop and progress the learning. We do this, through a mixture of whole-class teaching and individual/ group activities. Teachers should draw attention to good examples of individual performance as models for the other children. As well as working alongside children to give critique and steps forward towards success. We encourage children to evaluate their own ideas and methods, and the work of others, and say what they think and feel about them. We give children the opportunity within lessons to work on their own and collaborate with others, on projects in two and three dimensions and on different scales. Children also have the opportunity to use a wide range of highguality materials and resources, including ICT.

The Art curriculum is conscious of the learning and participation of all students. Teaching is planned with this in mind and any extra support should be provided to pupils if they need it. We aim to provide suitable learning opportunities regardless of gender, ethnicity or home background. Regular assessment of pupil needs and understanding plays a vital role here as does the provision of appropriate resources. The Internet and our IWB offer a wealth of materials that can be matched to suit individual or group needs, enabling all pupils to develop their skills and understanding.

Within the trust we recognise the fact that we have children of differing ability in all our classes, and so we provide suitable learning opportunities for all children by matching the challenge of the task to the ability of the child. We achieve this through a range of strategies:



- Setting common tasks that are open-ended and can have a variety of responses; Use a variety of approaches that are matched to the activity and the ability of the children.
- Setting tasks of increasing difficulty where not all children complete all tasks;
- Grouping children by ability and setting different tasks for each group;
- Providing a range of challenges with different resources;
- Using additional adults to support the work of individual children or small groups. Special Educational needs children need to be catered for in the planning of the program to support all children to have their confidence and their self-esteem raised.
- Children must be given the opportunity to examine exhibits, artefacts, historical buildings of interest.
- Clearly identify whether the art activities are exclusively art, or whether they are applying skills through one or more aspects of the wider curriculum, as in topic work. When children are undertaking activities that are directly related to another element of the curriculum, they should be aware that the session is an art investigation and that they are therefore, focusing upon art skills.
- Clear links between art and design technology provide opportunity to develop the children's ICT. capabilities.
- Ensure s that issues of Health and Safety are always addressed in the planning and delivery of the art curriculum.
- The planned program must encourage the children's development of personal and social skills, be fully inclusive and give equal opportunities for pupils to access learning.
- Children must be encouraged to work individually, in pairs, small groups and as a whole class when required.

HOW WE INTEND TO ENRICH STUDENT EXPERIENCES AND BROADEN THE HORIZONS OF STUDENTS

The Art curriculum lead and individual school teams are responsible for ensuring that both Art and DT are well planned and link to the topics being covered for each half term. This will ensure equal distribution of Art and DT and progression in the skills of pupils being developed. The art subject leaders are encouraged to keep evidence of the children's work in a portfolio. This demonstrates what the expected level of achievement is in art and design in each year of the school. The staff meet regularly to review and celebrate individual evidence of children's work.

The monitoring of the standards of children's work and of the quality of teaching in art is the responsibility of the art leader. The work of the subject leader also involves supporting colleagues in the teaching of art, being informed about current developments in the subject, and providing a strategic lead and direction for the subject in the school. The art subject leader gives the Head Teacher and Governors an annual summary report in which together they will evaluate the strengths and weaknesses in the subject, and indicates areas for further improvement.

Teachers analyse pupil's progress against the cross curricular skills ladders at the end of each school year to complete the annual report to parents. Teachers will carry out informal ongoing assessment to ensure continuity, progression and achievement in Art. A summative assessment of children's progress in Art over the year is provided in their end of year report. Along with this, a collection of work and sketchbooks, which is carried through into the next academic year, shows children's achievement in art. Staff will also be encouraged to record photographic evidence of pupils work in sketchbooks.

SKETCHBOOKS

Sketchbooks are used in EYFS through to Year 6 to regularly record, collect and explore ideas and images and other information relevant to current and ongoing work. The sketchbook is an essential and personal record although teachers will teach children when it is appropriate to use them and for what purposes, including reviewing the contents to ensure the purpose of the sketchbook at

frequent intervals. All year groups use a sketchbook that is similar in format.

The contents of the sketchbook could include:

- A record of what has been seen
- Preparatory studies for further work
- The development of ideas for further study
 - A record a basic skills development
- Photograph and other illustrative material to support ongoing work
- Colour schemes and trials
- A record of observations seen outside the classroom which will be used a reference material for further work, for example on a school visit, packaging, advertisements, posters, photographs
- Details of something that will be drawn or painted in entirety
- ICT prints and image manipulations

DISPLAYS

Wickersley partnership trust aims for the learning environment are:

- To value and enhance children's work
- Reflect the vision and aims of the school towards excellence
- To celebrate achievement •
- To increase children's self-esteem and pride in their work
- To motivate children by setting high standards to which they can aspire
- To create a stimulating teaching and learning environment ٠
- ٠ To encourage aesthetic awareness and a positive attitude to our school environment
- To arouse curiosity, pose questions and stimulate enquiry
- To reflect and value different levels of achievement and cultural backgrounds
- To inform and inspire parents, carers, governors, teachers and visitors to the school.

Individual teachers are responsible for the learning environment within their own classroom and designated areas.

A display should always have one or more of these specific purposes in mind:

- To stimulate interest in a theme
- To introduce, summarise or reinforce knowledge and skills
- To celebrate children's work.

Displays should include:

- Information (pictures, reference materials, word banks, etc to encourage interaction and enquiry)
- A clear title and brief summary about the learning.
- Process evidence (stimulus material, evidence of the work's evolution)
- Outcomes (final results).
- Captions and guestions to engage the audience about the learning
- Clear labels and headings to indicate the title of the work and which subject or topics it is related to
- Information about the process involved
- The year group of the children (when outside the individual classrooms).

ICT

The ICT team ensure that the computers in school have a range of graphic software, including 'paint', Tux paint, clip art facilities, with access of a scanner and a digital camera, ipads and notebooks. Schools have full Internet access that can be used to find images for our artwork, with appropriate supervision and parental consent. ICT is incorporated within the art curriculum wherever relevant. Every classroom has an Interactive White Board and will be used to model and demonstrate art programs. It also has many other uses, such as: showing photographs of school trips or artefacts, scanning and showing examples of children's work.

EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES IN ART AND DESIGN.

The Trust is fully committed to providing quality enhanced experiences for all pupils aged 6 and over, outside the classroom and directed teaching time. Each term a varied menu of clubs, workshops and activities are offered which include art and design. The whole ability range is catered for within this extra-curricular provision from children with Special Educational Needs to those who are more able.

RESOURCES

Schools are able to purchase best quality Art resources in line with the school's budget. These materials are distributed among the year group leaders for their classes. Budget information and resource needs are reviewed on a yearly basis.

Resources include: -

- We provide a list of equipment needs to ensure all schools have access to quality resources.
- We have a bank of resources to go alongside our cross-curricular History and Geography art projects and have access to borrowing artefacts for projects from the community of schools.
- We use the local environment for visual stimulus and for observational drawing work, for example the school grounds (buildings, trees, plants, flowers, insects) the surrounding houses, shops and local landmarks.
- We use visitors and visits, trips outside the local area as an opportunity to use as starting points for children's work.
- The school library has a wide range of books for both teachers and pupils to refer to and use in the classroom to support their work.



SUBJECT INTENT: Every child is genuinely born an artist. We believe children should be provided with the best quality art materials from the earliest age in order to explore the characteristics of a range of media and develop and extend skills when creating art in both 2 and 3 dimensions. Our Art, craft and design curriculum should engage, inspire and challenge pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to experiment and invent, drawing on past experiences and the wonder of nature to explore the possibilities of human creativity. Children will find out about the work of other artists and designers and learn how they have shaped and reflected our history, and impacted on the culture and creativity of the world in which we live. Every child has the right to feel successful as an artist and have their unique ideas and thoughts valued. Our Art and Design Curriculum enables pupils to be risk takers, critical thinkers and reflectors - skills which will have a positive life-long impact. Our role in teaching and developing the skills in Art is vital in order for children to keep seeing themselves as artists as they grow up.

| | | EYFS | YEAR 1 | YEAR 2 | YEAR 3 | YEAR 4 | YEA |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| | Drawing | I can use pencils, crayons and pastels to create simple representations of events, people and objects. | I can draw lines of different size and thickness. Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. Show different tones by applying pressure using pencil, charcoal, oil and chalk pastel. Start to hatch and cross hatch when shading. | I can draw lines of different size and thickness. Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. Show different tones by applying pressure using pencil, charcoal, oil and chalk pastel. Start to hatch and cross hatch when shading. | I can use different grades of pencil to show line, tone and texture. Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. Sketch lightly (no rubber). Use shading to show light and shadow. Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture. | I can use different grades of pencil to show line, tone and texture. Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. Sketch lightly (no rubber). Use shading to show light and shadow. Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture. | I can use a range of drav interesting effects such a of sunlight, shadows. Use to depict movement and style of drawing suitable fo impressionistic. Use lines t |
| | Equipment/ <i>Vocabulary</i> | Artist's Dictionary, Black pen, 4B pencil, charcoal, oil pastel, Chalk pastel | Artist's Dictionary, Black pen, 4B pencil, charcoal, oil pastel, chalk pastel | Artist's Dictionary, Black pen, 4B pencil, charcoal, oil pastel, chalk pastel | Artist's Dictionary and Sketchbook, Black pen 4B, 8B pencils, charcoal, oil pastel, chalk pastel | Artist's Dictionary and Sketchbook, Black pen 4B, 8B pencils, charcoal, oil pastel, chalk pastel | Artist's Dictionary and Si 4B, 8B pencils, charcoal, oil and ir |
| щ | Vecubulary | Line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space | Line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, tone, hatch, cross hatch | Line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, tone, hatch, cross hatch | Line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, tone, hatch, cross hatch, light, shade, angle, scale | Line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, tone, hatch, cross hatch, light, shade, angle, scale | Line, pattern, texture, sha hatch, cross hatch, light, sh angle, proj |
| ND KNOWLEDG | Painting | I can explore what happens when they mix colours. Experiment with paint to create different textures. Choose colours for a purpose. Explore how colours can be changed. | I can use thick and thin brushes. Mix primary colours to make secondary colours. Add white to colours to make tints. Add black to colours to create tones. Create colour wheels. | I can use thick and thin brushes. Mix primary colours to make secondary colours. Add white to colours to make tints. Add black to colours to create tones. Create colour wheels. | I can use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. Mix colours effectively. Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. Experiment with creating mood with colour. | I can use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. Mix colours effectively. Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. Experiment with creating mood with colour. | I can lightly sketch before p and colour. Create a color colours observed in the according to topic. Use the and acrylic paints to create v Combine colours, tones an Use brush techniques and pe textur |
| IQUES - SKILLS A | Equipment/ <i>Vocabulary</i> | Powder paints (brilliant red, blue, yellow, black and white), 6 well pallet, clear water pot, mummy, daddy, baby brush, Try out paper <i>Colour, line, pattern, texture, shape, form,</i> <i>space</i> | Powder paints (brilliant red, blue, yellow, black and white), 6 well pallet, clear water pot, mummy, daddy, baby brush, Try out paper Colour, line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, primary colours, secondary colours, tints, tones | Powder paints (brilliant red, blue, yellow, black and white), 6 well pallet, clear water pot, thick, medium, and fine brush, Try out paper Colour, line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, primary colours, secondary colours, tints, tones | Powder paints (brilliant red, blue, yellow, black and white), artists pallet and water pot, thick, medium and fine brush, try out paper, Water colour paints Colour, line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, primary colours, secondary colours, tertiary colours, tints, tones, mood, cold, warm | Powder paints (brilliant red, blue, yellow, black and white), artists pallet and water pot, thick, medium and fine brush, try out paper, Water colour paints Colour, line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, primary colours, secondary colours, tertiary colours, tints, tones, mood, cold, warm | Powder paints (brilliant red white), artists pallet and w and fine brush, try out pap Acrylic p Colour, line, pattern, textu primary colours, secondary tints, tones, mood, opac |
| ERING TECHNI | Sculpture | I can construct with a purpose in mind using a variety of resources e.g. box modelling equipment. Manipulate material such as clay to achieve a planned effect. Join construction pieces together to build and balance. | I can use a combination of shapes and materials including rolled up paper, straws, card, boxes and clay. Use them to create lines and textures. Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving using tools and equipment. | I can use a combination of shapes and materials including rolled up paper, straws, card, boxes and clay. Use them to create lines and textures. Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving using tools and equipment. | I can create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g. shapes made from nets or solid materials). Include textures. Mould, shape and carve clay, adding materials to provide interesting detail. | I can create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g. shapes made from nets or solid materials). Include textures. Mould, shape and carve clay, adding materials to provide interesting detail. | I can show life-like qualities or if more abstract provoke Use tools to carve and ad pattern. Combine visual ar frameworks such as wire stability an |
| ESIGN - MASTE | Equipment/ <i>Vocabulary</i> | Box modelling equipment Range of joining materials, Clay, Clay tools, Natural materials, Atelier resources Mould, roll, shape, assemble, build, balance, join, attach, potters glue | Box modelling equipment, Range of joining materials, Clay, Clay tools, Natural materials, Atelier resources Mould, roll, shape, assemble, build, balance, join, attach, potters glue, fold, 3D, overlapping, solid, stacked | Box modelling equipment, Range of joining materials, Clay, Clay tools, Natural materials, Atelier resources Mould, roll, shape, assemble, build, balance, join, attach, potters glue, fold, 3D, overlapping, solid, stacked | Clay, Clay tools, Natural materials, Atelier resources Mould, roll, shape, assemble, build, balance, join, attach, potters glue, fold, 3D, overlapping, solid, stacked | Clay, Clay tools, Natural materials, Atelier resources Mould, roll, shape, assemble, build, balance, join, attach, potters glue, fold, 3D, overlapping, solid, stacked | Clay (terracotta and grey Glass beads, embel Form, space, 20, 3D, So rounded, |
| T AND DE | Printmaking | I can use printmaking techniques such as sponge printing/ block printing to create and recreate patterns on paper and fabric. Create simple relief prints using polyblock, handling rollers correctly. | I can use repeating or overlapping shapes. Mimic print from the environment e.g. wallpapers. Use objects to create prints such as fruit and vegetables. Press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints on paper and fabric. | I can use repeating or overlapping shapes. Mimic print from the environment e.g. wallpapers. Use objects to create prints such as fruit and vegetables. Press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints on paper and fabric. | l can print layers of two or more colours. Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments. Make own printing blocks (e.g. coiled string on card). Make precise repeating patterns. | I can print layers of two or more colours. Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments. Make own printing blocks (e.g. coiled string on card). Make precise repeating patterns. | I can build up layers of colc pattern, showing fine deta elements to reflect the p |
| AR | Equipment/ <i>Vocabulary</i> | Range of materials to print with including man- made and natural materials, Polyblock, rollers, printing ink, ink trays | Range of materials to print with including fruit and vegetables, embossed wallpaper, rollers, printing ink, ink trays, polyblock | Range of materials to print with including fruit and vegetables, embossed wallpaper, rollers, printing ink, ink trays, polyblock | Child Made Printing blocks, natural materials, printing inks for children to mix and create own tints and tones | Child Made Printing blocks, natural materials, printing inks for children to mix and create own tints and tones | Range of materials to print f (layer with shaped paper Printing inks to mix own tints add other visu |
| | | Print, pattern, repeat, shape, colour | Print, relief, repeat, opposite, line, colour, pattern, shape | Print, relief, repeat, opposite, line, colour, pattern, shape | Repeat pattern, print relief, tones, tints, shades, effect, symmetrical, uniform | Repeat pattern, print relief, tones, tints, shades, effect, symmetrical, uniform | Positive, negative, overlag impres |
| | Develop ideas | I can explore a range of 2D and 3D materials finding out about their qualities and possibilities. | l can respond to ideas and starting points via topic. Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop | I can respond to ideas and starting points via topic. Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop | I can respond to ideas and starting points via topic. Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop | I can develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. Collect information in sketchbooks. Adapt and refine ideas as they progress. Comment on artworks using visual language. | I can develop ideas from sta the curriculum. Collect infor Adapt and refine ideas as the artworks using vis |
| | Key Knowledge | I know about artists who use colour and shape. I know how to represent my ideas using colour and shape. | I know that some artists use colour and pattern to express themselves. I know how to create a landscape using a range of techniques. I know how to flood fill. | I know that landscapes can be represented differently depending on the period they were created. I know that art forms can express important global messages. I know how to create a portrait. | I know how to create a figure. I know that artists represent figures in different ways. I know that artists and designers to the wealth of a nation. | I know how to create an accurate and proportionate portrait. I know about traditional and abstract art forms. I know that artists can contribute to the wealth of a nation and explain why. I know that art includes everyone. | I know that art can represen I know that colour can be I know how to crea I know that art includes ev why |
| | Artist Knowledge | I know that artists create painting and sculptures using different materials. | I know that Monet was part of the Impressionist movement. I know that Romero Britto is a pop artist | I know the difference between the style of contemporary (modern) artists such as Lizette Chirrime and traditional artists such as Thomas Gainsborough | I know that Degas was part of the impressionist movement. I know that Doug Hyde is a contemporary artist | I know that Leonardo Di Vinci was a Renaissance artist which is when artists produced accurate and life like representations. | I know that LS Lowry was a who created Indu: I know that architecture is a |

ART SCURRICULUM OVERVIEW

| EAR 5 | YEAR 6 |
|---|---|
| | |
| f drawing materials to add uch as reflections, direction Use a choice of techniques and perspective. Choose a ole for the work e.g. realistic/ nes to represent movement. | I can use a range of drawing materials to add interesting effects such as reflections, direction of sunlight, shadows. Use a choice of techniques to depict movement and perspective. Choose a style of drawing suitable for the work e.g. realistic/ impressionistic. Use lines to represent movement. |
| nd Sketchbook, Black pen al, oil pastel, chalk pastel, Pen and ink | Artist's Dictionary and Sketchbook, Black pen 4B, 8B pencils, charcoal, oil pastel, chalk pastel, Pen and ink |
| e, shape, form, space, tone, ht, shade, perspective, scale, p, proportion | Line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, tone, hatch, cross hatch, light, shade, perspective, scale, angle, proportion |
| fore painting to combine line colour palette based upon a the natural or built world the natural or built world the the qualities of watercolour atte visually interesting pieces. es and tints to create mood. nd paint consistency to create texture. | I can lightly sketch before painting to combine line and colour. Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world according to topic. Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic paints to create visually interesting pieces. Combine colours, tones and tints to create mood. Use brush techniques and paint consistency to create texture. Start to develop a personal style. |
| nt red, blue, yellow, black and nd water pot, thick, medium t paper, Water colour paints, ylic paints texture, shape, form, space, ndary colours, tertiary colours, opaque, transparent, hue | Powder paints (brilliant red, blue, yellow, black and white), artists pallet and water pot, thick, medium and fine brush, try out paper, Water colour paints, Acrylic paints Colour, line, pattern, texture, shape, form, space, primary colours, secondary colours, tints, tones, mood, opaque, transparent, hue |
| lities and real-life proportions voke different interpretations. nd add shapes, texture and ual and tactile qualities. Use wire or moulds to provide ty and form. | I can show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or if more abstract provoke different interpretations. Use tools to carve and add shapes, texture and pattern. Combine visual and tactile qualities. Use frameworks such as wire or moulds to provide stability and form. |
| l grey), Clay tools, Clay slip mbellishing materials D, Solid, regular, irregular, ded, curved | Clay (terracotta and grey), Clay tools, Clay slip Glass beads, embellishing materials Form, space, 2D, 3D, Solid, regular, irregular, rounded, curved |
| f colours. Create an accurate detail. Use a range of visual the purpose of the work. | I can build up layers of colours. Create an accurate pattern, showing fine detail. Use a range of visual elements to reflect the purpose of the work. |
| print from including polyblock baper to change the effect) n tints and tones, revisit prints, r visual elements verlap, overlay, motif, effect, | Range of materials to print from including polyblock (layer with shaped paper to change the effect) Printing inks to mix own tints and tones, revisit prints, add other visual elements Positive, negative, overlap, overlay, motif, effect, impression |
| pression | |
| m starting points throughout information in sketchbooks. as they progress. Comment on ng visual language. | I can develop and imaginatively extend ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. Collect information and present ideas imaginatively in a sketchbook. Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas. Comment on artworks with a more fluent grasp of visual language. |
| resent the culture of a nation. In be used to convey mood. o create a cityscape. es everyone and can explain why. | I know how to use one-point perspective to create an accurate scene. I know how to create an accurate and proportionate figure and portrait. I know that colour can be used to convey mood and as an expression of how the artist views the world. I know how to express myself. |
| ras a 20th Century Naive artist Industrial paintings. re is a form of art and design | I know that Picasso was part of the Cubist movement. I know that Frida Khalo was part of the Naive/Surrealist movement. |

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | EYFS Explore a variety o Spring 1 | i materials, tools and techniques,experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and Spring 2 | function ; Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| | | Andy Goldsworthy / James Brunt | Anna Ray | Piet Mondrian | Georgia O'Keeffe | Henri Matisse |
| | Alma Thomas | | | | | |
| st eriod/Movement | Abstract Art | Transient Art | Textile Art | Abstract Art | Modern Art | Fauvism (non natural use of colour) |
| nouniovement | 1866 - 1944 | Current | Yorkshire born female artist 1975 | 1872 - 1944 | 1887-1986 | 1869- 1954 |
| | 1891 - 1978 Kandinsky was a painter from Russia. Kandinsky is generally credited as one of the pioneers of | Andy Goldsworthy OBE is an English sculptor, photographer, and environmentalist who | Anna Ray is a textiles artist born in Leeds who was a teacher after graduating from her | Piet Mondrian was a Dutch painter who is regarded as one of the greatest artists of | Georgia O'Keeffe was an American modern artist. She was known for her paintings of enlarged | Henri Matisse was a French artist, known for his use of colour. He was a draughts |
| | abstract art in the Western world. He is renowned for his use of colour and shapes to express his | produces site-specific sculptures and land art situated in natural and urban settings. | Tapestry degree. She is renowned for her vibrant and large scale pieces which focus or | the 20th century. He is known for being one of the pioneers of 20th-century abstract | flowers. O'Keeffe has been called the "Mother of American modernism". Her paintings are often on a | printmaker, and sculptor, but is known primarily as a painter. |
| | ideas and emotions | James Brunt is a local artist who creates transient artwork with children as a visiting artist, very much in the style of Andy Goldsworthy. | colour and texture. She has been commissioned to produce work for hospitals and was involved in the 'Home' project which was inspired by refugee Syrian mothers. | abstract style, until he reached a point where his work became simple lines and blocks | very large scale. | Matisse was one of the founders of Fauvism, where colour is used wildly and has r nature. |
| | Alma Thomas - African American female artist who became an important role model for women, | | | of colour. | | |
| hy | African Americans and older artists. | | | 580-2715 | | |
| | Safety Car | (1999) (1 | S | 80 1 8 2 | | |
| | 45. State ((Q)) | Manuf . | 6.5 | | | |
| | | CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR | 4.1 | 2.000 | | S 998 S 945 |
| s of artwork | | | Biological States of State | | | 8 9 18 W |
| | Non representational Values colour, line, and shape | Placing open- ended resources together on a surface. Explore shape, space, pattern, positioning, colour, texture and overlapping | Non representational exploration of texture using fabric and weaving techniques on a large scale. Use knowledge of colour to create simple patterns | Non representational Values colour, line, shape and texture | Bright, bold, and intense color. Use of bright blues, yellows, greens, reds, and purples. | Explore bold and vibrant colours. Colour is not representational |
| | Absence of recognizable objects. Exploration of colour circles, creating clean colours in paint. | Person (0)) | | Absence of recognizable objects . Exploration of block primary colours and painting | Exploration and refinement of clean colours within a line (flood fill) using natural objects, flowers and | Use of natural objects as a starting point eg shells and seaweed. |
| | Alma Thomas created large circular images with a high focus on colour. She used colour to express | | | within a line. | plants for direct observation. | Matisse invented a new art form by using paper and scissors. He would cut painted papers into shapes and arranged them on the walls. Explore |
| | her feelings and emotions. | | | | | out shapes on a large and small scale. |
| istics / Knowledge | Painting - Colour, Shape (circles) | Sculpture | Textiles - colour, pattern and texture | Printmaking - colour, shape (squares) | Drawing and Painting - flowers (black pen outline and flood colour) | Collage - paper cut The Snail to inspire sea creature images/ shell patterns |
| US | | Clay | | | | |
| | Study mixing 'clean' colours Practice circular motion with a brush | Draw patterns and shapes Recreate images and shapes using natural materials on a small and large scale. Explore clay | Explore textures of wool, ribbon and fabric. Learn about simple weaving techniques. | | Observational drawings of plants Practise mixing clean colours | Observational drawings of shells and seaweed Choose own colours to represent own ideas and emotions. Practice cutting out s |
| | Take your paintbrush for a walk | using natural materials and creating simple sculptures with twigs/ leaves etc. | the style of 'Capture'. | rectangles. With clean bold colours to hir spaces. | Practise curved lines and shapes using black pen. Flood fill with colour within lines. | and small scales |
| c buildup | Use coloured paper to create circles of colour as a class. | Kandinsky - link to simlar and change | Link to Goldsworthy, creating patterns and shapes | Link to Kandinsky - abstract art - this time looking at squares and restangles rather | Link to colours explored but this time representing actual objects (flowers and plants). Use of line to | Link to georgia O Keeffe - use of line to correctent real life chiects. Link to Kandin |
| | Exploration of colour in Nursery | Kandinsky - link to circles and shapes | | Link to Kandinsky - abstract art - this time looking at squares and rectangles rather than circles | Link to colours explored but this time representing actual objects (nowers and plants). Use or line to represent real life objects. | and O'Keeffe for use of vibrant colour. |
| vious Artists | | | | | | |
| | | | Year 1 Theme of rural Landscapes and seasons, Theme of pattern - moving on f | rom EYFS - looking at Art from Brazil | | |
| | | Georges Seurat | Selection | Romero Britto | Sam Cox | Brazilian Patterns |
| Novement | Impressionism 1840 - 1926 | Post Impressionism 1859-1891 | Contemporary Present day | Pop art 1963- present | Doodle Art 1994 – present day | Contemporary Current |
| | Claude Monet was a French painter and founder of impressionist painting. He was passionate | Georges Seurat was a French post-Impressionist artist. He devised the painting technique | What is a ceramicist? How do they make their artwork? Explain how working with clay | Romero Britto is a Brazilian artist, painter and sculptor. His work is very colourful and | A self-described 'doodler', Mr Doodle's work is often described as 'Graffiti Spaghetti' for the way it | Find out about the culture of Brazil. What symbols or iconic images do we now |
| | about painting nature as he perceived it. He is famous for painting landscapes and nature including the very famous Water Lily series. Impressionism is where the artist paints small, visible | known as pointillism. Pointillism involves painting lots of dots of colour or tiny brushstrokes to create an image. From a distance the colours can blend together. | is an art form in itself. What is the difference between a ceramicist and a painter? Introduce techniques of shaping clay to create slabs. What technique do ceramicists | sometimes looks like cartoons with black outlines and bold colours. He uses vibrant | sprawls across the picture surface. Unmistakably inspired by the traditions of New York street art, the artist also takes influence from the visual styles of Disney animation, video games, and comic | we represent them? Practise printmaking techniques to build up towards a fina captures how you see Brazil. |
| | brushstrokes that create the bare impression of form, with unblended color and lots of emphasis | | use to colour clay? | colours and bold patterns to express what he sees as hope, dreams and happiness. Romero says: "Art can make you look at something in an exciting and totally different | books. | |
| | on light. | | | way. It can give you the power to fly." | | |
| | Mygandia and | | | | Linux and Linux | 10.00 |
| | | and the second se | | | STATES AND A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTIO | 122 |
| | and the second se | | | | CONTRACTOR SECURIT | NOT 1 |
| artwork | | | | | New States | |
| | Small, visible brushstrokes technique Depiction of natural light. Pale pastel colours. | Post-Impressionists built on the technique of impressionism, but used dots to represent more realistic images. They used thick paint but more vivid colours and focused on real-life | Technique of making a flat slab. Print patterns into clay. Explore lines and dots using clay tools. | Inspired by Matisse (studied in EYFS) he also uses vibrant colours. However his art | Uses black pen to create shapes and patterns, creating lines to enclose and fill spaces. Uses a blank canvas and covers the whole space. Doodles on walls, objects, even cars! His work grows and expands over spaces. It is fun to draw and doodle without worrying about getting it wrong! Doodles | Creating simple representations of iconic images which can be simplified in orde into a print. |
| | Focus on landscapes | subjects such as places, landscapes and people. | | work involves playful themes and abstract ideas. He uses black pen and paint to create bold, simple outlines of animals, places and patterns. Romero Britto loves to educate children in Art and cairco later of more to runnout but project and the more | expands over spaces. It is fun to draw and doodle without worrying about getting it wrong! Doodles | |
| | | | | children in Art and raises lots of money to support Art projects around the world. | can be anything. | |
| tics / Knowledge | | | | | | |
| | Painting | Oil pastel stippling technique | Drawing/Black pen | Drawing Black pen | Sculpture (box modelling) Drawing | Printmaking - colour and pattern |
| IS | The de Marcaldo La devent Marcaldo en de la contra de la devent de la debiero de la debiero Develor. | Frede Constitution Constants with March Contractory in the state | Flood fill using water colour | | Frankers Frankers and big (day distance days frankers and is based in some distance of the | Challen in the second se |
| | | and small lines, overlapping and exploring colour. Create colour palettes of bright vivid | does clay compare with paint? Explore what clay can do. Print into clay using natural | pick out and recreate favourite shapes and patterns. How can we create a straight/ | Explore Sam Cox and his 'doodle' style drawings. Explore comic book images, lines and shapes. Fill entire page with doodles and shapes using pencil then black pen. | e.g. Carnival masks. Draw masks from direct observation. Build up a series of ou |
| | impressionist technique to fill entire paper with light and pastel shades | colours and then pastel/ light tones using pointillist technique. Create a simple landscape using dots, filling the entire paper. | materials. Create dots and lines using tools. Teach how to make a flat clay slab. Draw lines into the clay to create an image. Create texture (practise in sketchbook) Fire and | | Design and draw a house – think about position of windows/ door etc. Cover a box in either white paint or paper to create a neutral base. Add windows and doors following own design. Finished piece | which you feel capture Brazil. Collate and annotate favourite images. Explore ba |
| | | | | | will be to 'doodle' own design onto the 3D house/ box. Create a name for own doodle house. | Select colours and order of images. Build up to finished piece (this could be a set |
| | | | glaze (use of kiln) | | | |
| | | | giaze (use or kiin) | piece. Flood fill each shape with bright clean colours. Use black pen to create outlines in the style of Romero Britto | | to form a line or flag image) |
| | | | | in the style of Romero Britto. | | to form a line or flag image) |
| | Compare with vibrant colours studied in EYFS - Kandinsky and Matisse. | Compare and contrast with Monet - link to other media | gaze (use or kin) Link to Seural's dots to create texture in clay Year? Theme of environment: builds on landscapes, pattern and full | | Link to Romero Britto's black pen outlines and comic book images | |
| | | P | Link to Seural's dots to create texture in clay Year 2 Theme of environment - builds on landscapes, pattern and cult Theme of faces - traditional ant forms vs modern interpretations contemporary o | in the style of Romero Britto. Compare with Monet's technique (no outline) real aspects - Link to Alfrid Intersted with traditional portraiture | Link to Romero Britto's black pen outlines and comic book images | to form a line or flag (mage) Britto's simplified outline of objects. |
| | | Compare and contrast with Monet - link to other media Louis Masai Michel | | in the style of Romero Britto. | Link to Romero Britto's black pen outlines and comic book images George Freeman | to form a line or flag image) |
| | Linda Lang / Katsushika Hokusai | Louis Masai Michel | Link to Seurat's dots to create texture in clay Year 2 Theme of environment - builds on landscapes, pattern and cult Theme of faces - traditional art forms vs modern interpretations contemporary of Lizette Chirrime | in the style of Romero Britto. Compare with Moret's technique (no outline) real aperts - Link to Africa Intrasted with traditional portraiture Kieth Haring | Link to Romero Britto's black pen outlines and comic book images George Freeman Thomas Gainsborough | to form a line or flag image) Britto's simplified outline of objects. |
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| Artist | Unknown | Edgar Degas | ar 3 theme - Movement and figures - Mostly figurative compared w Johannes Itten | Henry Moore | Doug Hyde |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Art Period/Movement | Parietal Art | Impressionism (a glance) | Expressionism (an emotional response) | Modern abstract sculpture | Contemporary |
| | | | 20th Century | 20th Century | |
| Dates | Prehistoric | 19th / 20th C | | | 21st century |
| Biography | Oldest work some 44,000 years ago Not survived in Britain due to climate, nearest evidence in England - Creswell Crags. What do they tell us about life then? | Born in Paris, Degas was famous for his pastel and oil painting works, many of which focused on the subject of ballerinas. He used pastel and paint to create movement. He often chose to focus from unusual angles. | Swiss painter who studied life drawing, colour and natural form. He went on to run his own art school. He focused on the use of colour. He created colour wheels using paint. | British sculptor, born in Yorkshire, famous for semi abstract bronze sculptures - accessible at Yorkshire Sculpture Park Recent 'Reclining Figure' sculpture sold for £19m . His work focused on landscapes and the human body. | British current artist who produces commercial imag people and pets. Recently named as 'Britain's most p living artist' according to the BBC. He produces worl around his love for his family, his unfailing optimism sheer enthusiasm for life.He has raised money for m important charities including 'Look GoodFeel Bette 'Families for Children' and 'Children in Need' |
| Example | | A GA ST | | | <u></u> |
| Characteristics / Knowledge | Art which encompasses the application of pigment on walls, floors and ceilings of ancient rock shelters. Some are monochrome, some have earth tones. The art work tells a story and is a historical source to communicate the way of life at the time. | Impressionist art which includes pastel drawings and oil paintings. Many of Degas' works are based on the subject of dance; more than half of his works depict dancers. His work focuses on the composition of figures. He is also renowned for creating movement. | Creates depth and movement through colour . Expresses how he feels about people using colour. Use of basic shapes such as circles, squares and spirals . In 'Abstract Figures 1949' he created simple impressions of figures in different positions. | Semi-abstract sculptures made mostly from bronze. Line drawings involving cross hatching and lines to create movement. Drawings focus on creating 3D representations with tone and texture. In the beginning Moore used clay to model but later replaced this with carving directly from wood or stone. Work represents figures and landscapes | Mostly created using pastel and oil pastel. Simplistic faced figures, minimalist features usually smiling. Al- convey happiness and hope. Heart symbols represer |
| Media Focus | Drawing - pastel and charcoal | Drawing -figurative - create figures using pen and Ink to depict movement (use wooden artist mannequin as starting point) | Painting - block colour and shapes. Clean colour palettes. | Sculpture - clay - 3D structures which stand up | Oil pastels and printmaking |
| Sketchbook buildup | Explore and annotate examples of cave art. Explore colour palette. Explore soft pastel to create tones. Explore the form of figures/ animals - practise drawing figures and animals with charcoal. Create background and add figurative pieces for final piece. | Explore, discuss and annotate images of Degas' ballerinas. Learn how figures are made up - anatomy drawings (proportion). Use pencil and charcoal to sketch figures. Explore pen and ink technique to create movement. Use wooden mannequin to create poses to copy from direct observation. Build up to finished piece - pen and ink image of a figure posing. | Explore and annotate 'Abstract Figures' image. What is the same/ different to Degas' ballerina? Create colour palette using squares/ circles. Explore one part of the image - a figure - what position is the figure in? How is it the same/ different to Degas? Recreate in sketchbooks. Introduce colour. Build up a palette of colour to use. Create background shapes of colour. Overpaint 'figure' in the style of the artist, choosing own position and colours. | Explore and annotate drawings and sculptures by Henry Moore. Explore drawing techniques to create 3D effect (light and shade). Draw objects from direct observation. Explore the special qualities of clay. Start to mould into 3D structures. Use these 3D structures to work together in groups to create a larger version using wire mesh and modroc. Critique and annotate. | Explore and annotate images by Doug Hyde. How do compare to Degas' and Henry Moore's sketches? Use to sketch portraits and people in the style of Doug H features). Explore oil pastel and start to blend colou create backgrounds. Start to pick out favourite shape images and use line to create an outline of a figure o Add motif e.g. heart/ flower. Create a design to draw polyblock. Print a series of images exploring colour. |
| · · · | Link to how Louis Michel presented animals. Link to how George | Link to how parietal figures are represented. Link to George | | Link to how previous artists have represented figures. | |
| Links to previous Artists | Freeman represented people. | Freeman portraits. Which style do we prefer? | Link to Degas' images of figures | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. | Link to Degas' faces - compare and contrast |
| Links to previous Artists | Freeman represented people. | | Link to Degas' images of figures itional with Modern Abstract artists. Explore colour and expression, | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. | · · · · · |
| Links to previous Artists Artist | Freeman represented people. Anglo Saxon Masks | Year 4 - Begin with portraiture comparing trad Warhol/Lichtenstein/Hamilton | itional with Modern Abstract artists. Explore colour and expression, Leonardo Da Vinci | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. | · · · · · |
| Artist Art Period/Movement | Anglo Saxon Masks Renaissance period | Year 4 - Begin with portraiture comparing trad Warhol/Lichtenstein/Hamilton Pop Art | itional with Modern Abstract artists. Explore colour and expression, Leonardo Da Vinci Anglo Saxon era | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. studying artists who provide important messages for chil Mackenzie Thorpe Contemporary | dren today in terms of inclusion Iris Grace Contemporary |
| Artist | Anglo Saxon Masks | Year 4 - Begin with portraiture comparing trad Warhol/Lichtenstein/Hamilton | tional with Modern Abstract artists. Explore colour and expression, Leonardo Da Vinci Anglo Saxon era 410 - 1066 Da Vinci was an influential artist who was part of the Renaissance Period which saw a shift from the abstract forms of the medieval period to the representational forms of the 15th century. Subjects grew from mostly biblical scenes to include portraits, episodes | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. studying artists who provide important messages for chil Mackenzie Thorpe | dren today in terms of inclusion Iris Grace |
| Artist Art Period/Movement Dates | Anglo Saxon Masks Renaissance period 1452 - 1519 Helmets were another kind of armour used by the Anglo Saxon warriors although their use became popular only towards the 11th century. Extant Anglo Saxon helmets have been found to be made either from a single piece of metal or many pieces held together in a | Year 4 - Begin with portraiture comparing trad Warhol/Lichtenstein/Hamilton Pop Art Mid 20th Century Lichtenstein - Born in New York in 1923 Took watercolour classes - social realist style Drew subject by hand and projected onto canvas and then used stenciled dots and filled with colour Warhol - worked with many media - drawing, sculpting, film | tional with Modern Abstract artists. Explore colour and expression, Leonardo Da Vinci Anglo Saxon era 410 - 1066 Da Vinci was an influential artist who was part of the Renaissance Period which saw a shift from the abstract forms of the medieval period to the representational forms of the 15th century. Subjects grew from mostly biblical scenes to include portraits, episodes from Classical religion, and events from contemporary life. Da Vinci studied the anatomy. He turned the 2D into 3D through scaled | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. studying artists who provide important messages for chil Mackenzie Thorpe Contemporary 1956 - Mackenzie Thorpe is an artist from North Yorkshire who creates paintings and sculptures often based on his homeland. He is credited with changing the face of art publishing in the UK. His original paintings, published works and sculpture are held in private and corporate collections across the globe. | dren today in terms of inclusion Iris Grace Contemporary 2009 - Iris Grace is a British little girl from Leicester with an extraordinary talent to express herself through paint is on the Autistic Spectrum. Her story was published and she has sold paintings to private art collectors h UK and all over the world. Profits from the sales of h |
| Artist Art Period/Movement Dates Biography Example Characteristics / Knowledge | Anglo Saxon Masks Renaissance period 1452 - 1519 Helmets were another kind of armour used by the Anglo Saxon warriors although their use became popular only towards the 11th century. Extant Anglo Saxon helmets have been found to be made either from a single piece of metal or many pieces held together in a metal frame. Image: The stand stand standard standa | Year 4 - Begin with portraiture comparing trad Warhol/Lichtenstein/Hamilton Pop Art Mid 20th Century Lichtenstein - Born in New York in 1923 Took watercolour classes - social realist style Drew subject by hand and projected onto canvas and then used stenciled dots and filled with colour Warhol - worked with many media - drawing, sculpting, film and music, Born in Pittsburgh in 1928 Recognizable imagery such as cartoon characters Bright colours Humour Drew ocmic books magazines etc Movement began in Britain before spreading to America Painting - portraits with colour palettes Explore and annotate images by Andy Warhol and other Pop Artists. Revisit portraits from Da Vinci work. Use outline of these to create a simple black pen portrait which is accurate and representational. Practise mixing clean, solid colours. Choose own colours towards final piece. Use 4 images of | tional with Modern Abstract artists. Explore colour and expression, Leonardo Da Vinci Anglo Saxon era 410 - 1066 Da Vinci was an influential artist who was part of the Renaissance Period which saw a shift from the abstract forms of the medieval period to the representational forms of the 15th century. Subjects grew from mostly biblical scenes to include portraits, episodes from Classical religion, and events from contemporary life. Da Vinci studied the anatomy. He turned the 2D into 3D through scaled drawings and detailed observational drawings. | Recall special qualities of clay from previous block. studying artists who provide important messages for chil Mackenzie Thorpe Contemporary 1956 - Mackenzie Thorpe is an artist from North Yorkshire who creates paintings and sculptures often based on his homeland. He is credited with changing the face of art publishing in the UK. His original paintings, published works and sculpture are held in private and corporate collections across the globe. Images of Yorkshire landscapes created in paint. Bright colours to capture England's green spaces. Use of light and shade to create skies and capture mood. Drawing, oil pastels Explore and annotate landscape images by Mackenzie Thorpe. During visit to Peak District, capture images of Iandscapes from direct observation and photography. Use these images to improve perception of landscapes when back in the classroom. Explore oil pastels. What techniques can we explore to create shades, texture and shadow effects? Create a colour palette for a landscape. Decide what weather will influence your finished piece. | dren today in terms of inclusion Iris Grace Contemporary 2009 - Iris Grace is a British little girl from Leicester with an extraordinary talent to express herself through paint is on the Autistic Spectrum. Her story was published and she has sold paintings to private art collectors h UK and all over the world. Profits from the sales of h towards her therapies, education and future. Iris' mum says"I can see nature in her paintings, watt flowers, and also we can see Thula her cat in many co paints with high flicks, dots, dabs, using fine paintbry with a careful attention to detail or large brushes in motions. She uses rollers (textured rollers, straight I created by those), stamps, and a range of brushes ar sponges |

| | Vivienne Westwood |
|--|---|
| | British fashion |
| | Contenue desire |
| ages of t popular | Contemporary design |
| ork based | |
| sm and his | British fashion designer who is world famous for her clothing designs, with her |
| many | 'orb' logo representing her signature. Over the last 20 years Vivienne has |
| tter', | campaigned and fundraised for the Environmental Justice Foundation, Friends of |
| | the Earth, Amnesty International and War Child, amongst many other grassroots charities and campaigns |
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| tic round | Fabric designs show simple colours together and often compliment each other. |
| Always | Patterns include checks and squiggles as well as the orb design. A printed word |
| ent love. | can be used to convey a message. |
| | |
| | Textiles/ fabric painting - design T shirts |
| | revules/ raune painting - design 1 still ts |
| do they | |
| do tney Jse pencil | |
| Hyde (no | Explore wallpaper designs by Vivienne Westwood. What colours, shapes, motifs |
| ours to | do we see? Explore complimentary colours using paint or pastels to create colour |
| apes/ | wheels. Take paintbrush for a walk producing mindfulness shapes and doodles. |
| e or animal. | Pick out favourite shapes which mean something to you. Simplify the shape/ |
| aw onto | design. Choose colour to represent final image. This could be a letter or word or |
| r. | pattern. Paint onto a plain white t-shirt as finished piece. |
| | |
| | Link to simplified designs by Doug Hyde. Link with how fashion contributes to the |
| | wealth of the nation. |
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| | Lesley Richmond |
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| rtist | Jimoh Buraimoh | | ding into Structures and cityscapes, and accurate representation | | India | Kritika Soni |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Period/Movement | Contemporary | | Modernism | British architectural artist | | |
| es | 1943 - | | 1887 -1976 | 1974 - | Often traditions passed from generation to the next | Contemporary ceramicist |
| | 13.15 | | 1007 1070 | British, current black artist alive today - known for | Laced with religious beliefs, environment, culture ,history, | Kritika Soni developed her art from textiles into clay. She worked in the |
| | | | Laurence Stephen Lowry was an English artist. His drawings and | | architecture and daily life activities, motifs and patterns | textiles industry before becoming a ceramicist. She uses natural forms an |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | paintings mainly depict Pendlebury, Lancashire, where he lived | | created by Indian craftsmen are a symbol of artistic | patterns created through rolling fabric/ wallpaper and other natural |
| | Chief Harak Durationals to a Nite star and starting the test of the | | and worked for more than 40 years, Salford and its vicinity. | Prints available to buy (accessible) Originals valued | intellect. The symbols represent concepts and beliefs | materials to emboss clay surfaces. |
| | Chief Jimoh Buraimoh is a Nigerian painter and artist. He is one of th | ne most influential artists to emerge from the 1960s. He is | Lowry is famous for painting scenes of life in the industrial | £10,000+ | personified in human, animal forms, floral and geometric | |
| ography | credited with being Africa's first head painter. | | districts of North West England in the mid-20th century. | Artist with Autism | shapes. | |
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| ample | | | AND DESCRIPTION OF A DE | - A Bargar | The second second | |
| • | | | | Cityscape images drawn with pen and ink, often | | |
| | | | Industrial paintings showing factories and workers. Often | capturing world famous events or places. He is | Symbols, shapes and forms often representing flowers, | Using natural materials and fabrics to create patterns and emboss clay. He |
| naracteristics / | Jimoh creates colourful images of faces/ masks and is credited for in | corporating traditional beadwork into his designs. Often his | | | leaves and Indian traditions/ animals. These patterns can | work is not perfect - she celebrates these imperfections. Her work can be |
| owledge | work tells a story. | | He was determined 'to put the industrial scene on the map'. | buildings and skylines. | be found in fabric design and henna designs. | vases, cups, plates as well as other 3D structures, often based on slabs. |
| edia Focus | Drawing - oil pastels | Collage | Paint | | Printmaking | Clay |
| | Drawnig - on pasters | Collage | | Drawing - Diack peny pen and ink | Philumaking | |
| | | | Explore and annotate images by LS Lowry. Compare his work | Find and about the optics Country Miller Lines 1. | | |
| | | | with African art work. Talk about the subject of his work and his | | | |
| | | | mission to recognise the industrial landscape. Sketch images of | makes his work unique. Go outside and draw what we | | |
| | | Explore a range of fabrics of differing colours. Create a | chimneys, factories and industrial buildings. What clear shapes | see in terms of buildings. What do we mean by a | patterns. Recreate using black pen. Pick out favourite | |
| | Explore, discuss and annotate images by Jimoh Buraimoh. Find out | colour tone rainbow from dark tones to light shades | and sky lines can we create? Use pencil to capture an industrial | | shapes and designs. Start to put together a series of | Discuss the artist Kritika Soni and what her work looks like. Choose favou |
| | what subjects are included in his work. Use knowledge of how a | within a palette. Use the fabrics to cut out shapes and | scene. Explore creating a colour palette of grey, earthy colours | angles. Use black pen to create skylines. Focus on one | images towards final piece. Explore the printmaking | pieces. Sketch some of the recurring images/ patterns making links back |
| | face is structured to compare with Biraimoh's work. Practise | arrange these shapes into a frame. This could be a whole | using watercolours. Practise layering colour to create dark | building. How can we create texture using pen and | process and what we already know about print. Create a | our exploration of Indian pattern designs. Explore clay. Use knowledge of |
| | sketching a face in the style of Buraimoh. Decide what colours you | class frame. Explore sewing and attaching fabric together. | tones. Complete the background of our image. Focus on | ink? How can we make sure the building is an | colour palette of the colours we want to use. Draw image | how to create a clay slab. Select wallpaper/ tools/ lace etc to emboss clay |
| | would like to include and explore using oil pastels. Create shapes | Create a section of shapes of colour. Add beads to | Lowry's people and animals. How can we simplify our images of | accurate drawing in terms of scale? Practise. Build up | onto polyblock, cutting out and shaping where necessary | tiles. Repeat, selecting and annotating favourite designs. Build up toward |
| | and patterns. Use line to draw image of final piece. Use colour to | enhance in the style of Buraimoh. Use towards a class | people? Use fine brushes to paint our matchstick men and | towards a final piece which is accurate and includes | to create a motif. Use colour palette to print. Repeat with | finished piece using a can/ bottle to wrap the slab around. Add further d |
| etchbook buildup | completely fill the paper, exploring backgrounds too. | wall hanging (on hessian) | matchstick cats and dogs onto our backgrounds. | texture. | different colours, layering and overlapping. | such as handles. Fire in kiln, glaze and re-fire. |
| ···· | Link with knowledge of portraits and the study of faces. Link back to | | Compare with landscapes previously studied. Consider how | Think back to Leonardo Da Vinci and his accurate | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| uks to previous Artists | KS1 Lizette Cherrime | Use knowledge of fabric artist Lesley Richmond | colour reflects the mood of the time. | | Link with Jimoh's outlines and patterns | Link with Indian patterns. |
| | Not Electe electrine | lose knowledge of labite artist Lesicy Menhona | | depictions: Eink with Lowry 5 depiction of a skyline. | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Year 6 - Build on the theme of landscape/ cityscape, movi | ng into the particular use of colour for mood. Work on perspecti | ive including accurate representations of figures and por | traits, using colour for nurpose and mood. | |
| tist | Caroline Appleyard | Vincent Van Gogh | Velarie Ganz | | Frida Khalo | We are the artists |
| | | | | | | |
| rt Poriod/Movomont | Contemporary / Naive art | | Contomporany | | Naivo roalism / Surroalism | |
| , | Contemporary / Naive art | Post Impressionism | Contemporary | Cubism (Blue Period) | Naive realism/ Surrealism | Children express themselves as an artist |
| rt Period/Movement ates | Contemporary / Naive art Current | Post Impressionism 1853 - 1890 | 1936 - 2015 | | 1907 - 1954 | Children express themselves as an artist Today |
| | | Post Impressionism 1853 - 1890 Van Gogh is one of the most famous artists in the world, | 1936 - 2015 Valerie Ganz was a Welsh artist known for her depictions of | Cubism (Blue Period) | 1907 - 1954 Frida Khalo was a Mexican artist who is best known for her | Children express themselves as an artist Today r Children use their knowledge of art and design to express their thoughts a |
| , | | Post Impressionism 1853 - 1890 Van Gogh is one of the most famous artists in the world, renown for his troubled mind. He used art to express | 1936 - 2015 Valerie Ganz was a Welsh artist known for her depictions of coal miners and the Welsh countryside. As her interest in the | Cubism (Blue Period) 1881 - 1973 | 1907 - 1954 Frida Khalo was a Mexican artist who is best known for her bright and uncompromising self-portraits which focus on | Children express themselves as an artist Today r Children use their knowledge of art and design to express their thoughts ideas, taking complete ownership of how they want to represent them. |
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